

Derby Cathedral School recognises that ICT and the Internet are fantastic tools for learning and communication, that can be used in school to enhance the curriculum, challenge students, and support creativity and independence. Using ICT to interact socially and share ideas can benefit everyone in the school community, but it is important that the use of the internet and ICT is seen as a responsibility and that students, staff, parents and stakeholders use it appropriately and practice an appropriate level of e-safety. It is important that all members of the school community are aware of the dangers of using the internet and how they should conduct themselves online.

E-safety covers the internet but it also covers mobile phones and other electronic communications technologies. We know that some adults and young people will use these technologies to harm children. The harm might range from sending hurtful or abusive texts and emails, to enticing children to engage in sexually harmful conversations or actions online, webcam filming, photography or face-to-face meetings. **There is a 'duty of care' for any persons working with children and a need to educate all members of the school community regarding the risks and responsibilities of e-safety that fall under this duty.** It is important that there is a balance between controlling access to the internet and technology and allowing freedom to explore and use these tools to their full potential. This policy aims to be an aid in regulating ICT activity in school, and provide a good understanding of appropriate ICT use that members of the school community can use as a reference for their conduct online outside of school hours. **E-safety is a whole-school issue and responsibility.**

Cyber-bullying by students within the school, will be treated as seriously as any other type of bullying and will be managed through our behaviour and anti-bullying procedures which are outlined in our Behaviour and Anti-Bullying policies.

1. Roles and Responsibility

The following section outlines the e-safety roles and responsibilities of individuals and groups within the school.

E-safety falls under the remits of an Assistant Headteacher;

- Insert name

Governors

Governors are responsible for the approval of the E-Safety Policy and for reviewing the effectiveness of the policy. This will be carried out by the Governors as part of their annual Safeguarding Audit and through any information shared at Governors' meetings.

Headteacher and Senior Leaders

The Headteacher has a duty of care for ensuring the safety (including e-safety) of members of the school community, though the day to day responsibility for e-safety will be delegated to the E-Safety Co-ordinator (Assistant Headteacher).

The Headteacher and the Designated Safeguarding Lead, are responsible for ensuring that all other members of staff receive suitable training to enable them to carry out their e-safety roles. This includes CPD detailing the use of **Net Support (whatever we select in due course)**.

Network Manager / Technical Staff

The Network Manager is responsible for ensuring:

- That the school's technical infrastructure is secure and is not open to misuse or malicious attack
- That the school meets required safety technical requirements as determined by the Department of Education.
- That users may only access the networks and devices through a properly enforced password protection policy, in which passwords are regularly changed.
- That the filtering policy is applied.
- That they keep up to date with e-safety technical information in order to effectively carry out their e-safety role and to inform and update others as relevant.
- That the use of the network / Internet / Virtual Learning Environment / remote access / e-mail is regularly monitored in order that any misuse or attempted misuse can be reported to the Headteacher and E-Safety lead.
- That monitoring software / systems are implemented and updated as agreed with the Headteacher

Teaching and Support Staff

Teaching and support staff are responsible for ensuring that:

- They have an up to date awareness of e-safety matters and the current school e-safety policy and practices
- They have read, understood and signed the Staff Acceptable Use Agreement (AUA)
- That they report any suspected misuse or problem to the Headteacher and SLT for investigation / action / sanction
- All digital communications with students / parents / carers should be on a professional level and only carried out using school systems (school emails)

- E-safety issues are embedded in all aspects of the curriculum and other activities
- Students understand and follow the e-safety and Acceptable Use Agreements
- Students have a good understanding of research skills and the need to avoid plagiarism and uphold copyright regulations
- They monitor the use of digital technologies, mobile devices, cameras etc. in lessons and other school activities and implement current policies with regard to these devices
- In lessons where Internet use is pre-planned students are guided to sites that have been checked as suitable and that processes are in place for dealing with any unsuitable material that is found in internet searches.
- Issues relating to Internet safety are regularly visited in Collective Acts of Worship, tutor activities and that all students are familiar with CEOP and the process of reporting issues within school.
- The school responds to local / national and annual issues / events relating to Internet safety e.g. national Internet Safety Day (annually in February).

The Child Protection Officer

Should be up-to-date with e-safety issues and be aware of the potential serious safeguarding / child protection issues to arise from:

- Sharing of personal data
- Access to illegal / inappropriate materials
- Inappropriate on-line contact with adults / strangers
- Potential or actual incidents of grooming
- Cyber-bullying

It is important to emphasise that these are child protection issues, not technical issues simply that the technology provides additional means for child protection issues to develop.

Students

- Are responsible for using the school digital technology systems in accordance with the Student Acceptable Use Agreement
- Have a good understanding of research skills and the need to avoid plagiarism and uphold copyright regulations
- Need to understand the importance of reporting abuse, misuse or access to inappropriate materials and know how to do so
- Will be expected to know and understand policies on the use of mobile devices and digital cameras

- Will be expected to know and understand policies on the taking / use of images and on cyber-bullying
- Should understand the importance of adopting good e-safety practice when using digital technologies out of school and realise that the school's E-Safety Policy covers their actions out of school, if related to their membership of the school

Parents / Carers:

Parents/Carers play a crucial role in ensuring that their children understand the need to use the Internet / mobile devices in an appropriate way. The school will take every opportunity to help parents/carers understand these issues through parents' evenings, letters / leaflets available on the website and information about national / local e-safety campaigns and literature. Parents and carers will be encouraged to support the school in promoting good e-safety practice and to follow guidelines on the appropriate use of:

- Digital and video images taken at school
- Access to parents' sections of the website and online student records
- Their children's personal devices in the school

2. Communicating School Policy

This policy is available from the school office for parents/carers, staff, and students to access when and as they wish. In addition it is available on the school website. E-safety is integrated into the curriculum in any circumstance where the Internet or technology are being used, and during PSHE lessons where personal safety, responsibility, and/or development are being discussed.

Parents and carers play an essential role in the education of their children and in the monitoring / regulation of the children's on-line behaviours. We will therefore seek to provide information and awareness to parents and carers through curriculum activities, the website and high profile events and campaigns e.g. Safer Internet Day.

3. Training

Staff:

It is essential that all staff receive e-safety training and understand their responsibilities, as outlined in this policy. Training will be offered as follows:

- All staff will receive refresher training as part of the annual Child Protection programme.
- All new staff will receive e-safety training as part of their induction programme, ensuring that they fully understand the school e-safety policy and Acceptable Use Agreements
- The appropriate members of the SLT will receive regular updates through attendance at external training events and by reviewing guidance documents released by relevant organisations
- Additional advice can be sourced via any member of the SLT, whilst specific training packages can be accessed via the Deputy Headteacher.

Governors:

Governors will be invited to take part in e-safety training / awareness sessions. Additional training can also be accessed via

- Attendance at training provided by the Local Authority / National Governors Association / or other relevant organisations
- Participation in school training / information session for staff or parents

4. Making use of ICT and the Internet in School

The Internet is used in school to raise educational standards, to promote student achievement, to support the professional work of staff and to enhance the school's management functions. Technology is advancing rapidly and is now a huge part of everyday life, education and business. We want to equip our students with all the necessary ICT skills that they will need in order to enable them to progress confidently into a professional working environment when they leave school.

Some of the benefits of using ICT and the Internet in schools are:

For students:

- Unlimited access to worldwide educational resources and institutions such as art galleries, museums and libraries.
- Contact with schools in other countries resulting in cultural exchanges between students all over the world.
- Access to subject experts, role models, inspirational people and organisations. The internet can provide a great opportunity for students to interact with people that they otherwise would never be able to meet.
- An enhanced curriculum; interactive learning tools; collaboration, locally, nationally, and globally; Self-evaluation; feedback and assessment; updates on current affairs as they happen.
- Access to learning whenever and wherever convenient.

- Freedom to be creative.
- Freedom to explore the world and its cultures from within a classroom.
- Social inclusion, in class and online.
- Access to case studies, videos and interactive media to enhance understanding.
- Individualised access to learning.

For staff:

- Professional development through access to national developments, educational materials and examples of effective curriculum practice and classroom strategies.
- Immediate professional and personal support through networks and associations.
- Improved access to technical support.
- Ability to provide immediate feedback to students and parents.
- Class management, attendance records, schedule, and assignment tracking.

For parents:

The majority of communication between the school and parents/carers is via e-mail. This form of contact is considered to be more effective, reliable and economic. Text messages and letters will also inform parent/carers of details relating to attendance and behaviour.

5. Learning to evaluate Internet Content

With so much information available online it is important that students learn how to evaluate internet content for accuracy and intent. This is approached by the school as part of digital literacy across all subjects in the curriculum. Students will be taught:

- To be critically aware of materials they read, and shown how to validate information before accepting it as accurate
- To use age-appropriate tools to search for information online
- To acknowledge the source of information used and to respect copyright. Plagiarism is against the law and the school will take any intentional acts of plagiarism very seriously.

Students who are found to have plagiarised will be disciplined. If they have plagiarised in an exam or a piece of coursework, they may be prohibited from completing that exam.

The school will also take steps to filter internet content to ensure that it is appropriate to the age and maturity of students. If staff or students discover unsuitable sites then the URL will be reported to the school E-Safety Co-ordinator. Any material found by members of the school community that is believed to be unlawful will be reported to the appropriate agencies. Regular software and broadband checks will take place to ensure that filtering services are working effectively.

6. Managing Information Systems

The school is responsible for reviewing and managing the security of the computers and internet networks as a whole and takes the protection of school data and personal protection of our school community very seriously. This means protecting the school network, as far as is practicably possible, against viruses, hackers and other external security threats. The security of the school information systems and users will be reviewed regularly by the Network Manager and virus protection software will be updated regularly. Some safeguards that the school takes to secure our computer systems are:

- Ensuring that all personal data sent over the internet or taken off site is encrypted
- Making sure that unapproved software is not downloaded to any school computers. Alerts will be set up to warn users of this
- Files held on the school network will be regularly checked for viruses
- The use of user logins and passwords to access the school network will be enforced

For more information on data protection in school please refer to our Data Protection Policy.

7. E-mails

The school uses email internally for staff and students, and externally for contacting parents, and is an essential part of school communication. It is also used to enhance the curriculum by:

- Initiating contact and projects with other schools nationally and internationally
- Providing immediate feedback on work, and requests for support where it is needed.

Staff and students should be aware that school email accounts should only be used for school-related matters, i.e. for staff to contact parents, students, other members of staff and other professionals for work purposes. This is important for confidentiality. The school has the right to monitor emails and their contents but will only do so if it feels there is reason to.

7.2 School E-mail Accounts and Appropriate Use

Staff should be aware of the following when using email in school:

- Staff should only use official school-provided email accounts to communicate with students, parents or carers. Personal email accounts should not be used to contact any of these people for school business.
- Emails sent from school accounts should be professionally and carefully written. Staff are representing the school at all times and should take this into account when entering into any email communications.
- Staff must tell their manager or a member of the senior leadership team if they receive any offensive, threatening or unsuitable emails either from within the school or from an external account. They should not attempt to deal with this themselves.

Students will be educated through the ICT curriculum to identify spam, phishing and virus emails and attachments that could cause harm to the school network or their personal account or wellbeing.

8. Published Content and the School Website

The school website is viewed as a useful tool for communicating our school ethos and practice to the wider community. It is also a valuable resource for parents/carers, students, and staff for keeping up-to-date with school news and events, celebrating whole-school achievements and personal achievements, and promoting school projects.

The website is in the public domain, and can be viewed by anybody online. Any information published on the website will be carefully considered in terms of safety for the school community, copyrights and privacy policies. No personal information on staff or students will be published and details for contacting the school will be by official school means only. The school annually collates data which prohibits the use of identified children in photographs.

8.2 Policy and guidance of safe use of student's photographs and work

Colour photographs and students work bring our school to life, showcase our student's talents, and add interest to publications both online and in print that represent the school. However, the school acknowledges the importance of having safety precautions in place to prevent the misuse of such material.

Derby Cathedral School believes that celebrating the achievement of children in school is an important part of their learning experience and personal development. Taking photographs and videos of students for internal display and displaying student work for educational use enables us to celebrate individual and group successes as a school community.

However, we would also like to use photographs and videos of the school and its students externally for promotional purposes (in the public domain) and in order to promote the good educational practice of the school but in accordance with the Data Protection Act 1998 we will only do this with parent/carer consent. On admission to the school parents/carers will be asked to sign an Acceptable Use Agreement and a consent form in relation to digital/video permissions.

By signing this form parents/carers will be removing their consent to the use of images of their son daughter in the following outlets:

- All school publications
- On the school website
- In newspapers as allowed by the school
- In videos made by the school or in class for school projects, unless they specify only a specific restriction

The form covers consent for the duration of the son's time at the school. Once the son leaves the school, photographs and videos may be archived within the school but will not be re-published without renewed consent.

Using photographs of individual children

The vast majority of people who take or view photographs or videos of children do so for entirely innocent, understandable and acceptable reasons. Sadly, some people abuse children through taking or using images, so we must ensure that we have some safeguards in place.

It is important that published images do not identify students (unless agreed prior to publication) or put them at risk of being identified. Only images created by or for the school will be used in public and children may not be approached or photographed while in school or doing school activities without the school's permission. The school follows general rules on the use of photographs of individual children:

- Parental consent must be obtained for external/promotional use. See above.
- Electronic and paper images will be stored securely.

Images will be carefully chosen to ensure that they do not pose a risk of misuse. This includes ensuring that students are appropriately dressed. Photographs of activities which may pose a greater risk of potential misuse (for example, swimming activities), will focus more on the sport than the students (i.e. a student in a swimming pool, rather than standing by the side in a swimsuit).

- For public documents, including in newspapers, full names will only be published alongside images of the child once parental permission has been confirmed. Groups may be referred to collectively by year group or form name.
- Events recorded by family members of the students such as school plays or sports days must be used for personal use only.
- Students are encouraged to tell a member of staff if they are concerned or uncomfortable with any photographs that are taken of them or they are being asked to participate in.
- Any photographers that are commissioned by the school will be fully briefed on appropriateness in terms of content and behaviour, will wear identification at all times, and will not have unsupervised access to the students. For more information on safeguarding in school please refer to our school safeguarding and child protection policy.

8.3 Complaints of misuse of photographs or video

Parents should follow standard school complaints procedure if they have a concern or complaint regarding the misuse of school photographs.

8.4 Social networking, social media and personal publishing

Personal publishing tools include blogs, wikis, social networking sites, bulletin boards, chat rooms and instant messaging programmes. These online forums are the more obvious

sources of inappropriate and harmful behaviour and where students are most vulnerable to being contacted by a dangerous person. It is important that we educate students so that they can make their own informed decisions and take responsibility for their conduct online.

Social media sites have many benefits for both personal use and professional learning; however, both staff and students should be aware of how they present themselves online. Students are taught through the ICT curriculum and PSHE about the risks and responsibility of uploading personal information and the difficulty of taking it down completely once it is out in such a public place. The school follows general rules on the use of social media and social networking sites in school:

- Students are educated on the dangers of social networking sites and how to use them in safe and productive ways. They are all made fully aware of the school's code of conduct regarding the use of ICT and technologies and behaviour online.
- Any sites that are to be used in class will be risk-assessed by the teacher in charge prior to the lesson to ensure that the site is age-appropriate and safe for use.
- Official school blogs created by staff or students/year groups/school clubs as part of the school curriculum will be password-protected and run with the approval of a member of staff and will be moderated by a member of staff.
- Students and staff are encouraged not to publish specific and detailed private thoughts, especially those that might be considered hurtful, harmful or defamatory. The school expects all staff and students to remember that they are representing the school at all times and must act appropriately.
- Safe and professional behaviour of staff online will be discussed at staff induction.

9. Mobile Phones and Personal Devices

While mobile phones and personal communication devices are common place in today's society, their use and the responsibility for using them should not be taken lightly. Some issues surrounding the possession of these devices are:

- They can make students and staff more vulnerable to cyberbullying
- They can be used to access inappropriate internet material
- They can be a distraction in the classroom
- They are valuable items that could be stolen, damaged, or lost. Indeed it is the highest at risk crime for a teenager.

Derby Cathedral School therefore adopts a zero tolerance Electronic Device Policy for students during the school day (aside from specific circumstances detailed below)

Phones and electronic devices (including headphones) should be switched off and remain switched off during the entirety of time a pupil is on site.

Where a phone is confiscated, the parents/carer will be contacted and asked to collect the phone/device in person.

The incident will be logged on our behaviour management system.

Any student who refuses to hand over the complete phone (battery and SIM card) / device when requested will be removed from the lesson. This in turn will lead to a 1 day internal exclusion in the first event and then potentially a fixed term exclusion for repeat offences.

In circumstances where there is a suspicion that material on a phone is unsuitable the phone will be handed over to the Police for further investigation.

We do however; understand that a parent/carer may wish for their son / daughter to have a mobile phone for their journey to and from school. In this situation a student should hand their phone/device into the school office at the beginning of the day or store it, switched off, in their school bag.

Emergencies:

If a student needs to contact their parents/carers they will be allowed to use a school phone.

If parents/carers need to contact their child/ren urgently they should phone the school office and a message will be relayed promptly.

Responsibility:

Derby Cathedral School accepts no responsibility whatsoever for theft, loss or damage relating to phones/devices including those handed in/confiscated.

Staff

- Under no circumstances should staff use their own personal devices to contact students or parents either in or out of school time unless in an emergency.
- Staff are not permitted to take photos or videos of students using a personal mobile phone (this is particularly important on a school trip). If photos or videos are being taken as part of the school curriculum or for a professional capacity, the school equipment will be used for this.
- The school expects staff to lead by example. Personal mobile phones should be switched off or on 'silent' during school hours.
- Any breach of school policy may result in disciplinary action against that member of staff.

10. Cyberbullying

Cyberbullying, as with any other form of bullying, is taken very seriously by the school. Information about specific strategies or programmes in place to prevent and tackle bullying are set out in the anti-bullying policy. The anonymity that can come with using the Internet

can sometimes make people feel safe to say and do hurtful things that they otherwise would not do in person. It is made very clear to members of the school community what is expected of them in terms of respecting their peers, members of the public and staff, and any intentional breach of this will result in disciplinary action.

If an allegation of bullying does come up, the school will:

- Take it seriously
- Act as quickly as possible to establish the facts. It may be necessary to examine school systems and logs or contact the service provider in order to identify the bully
- Record and report the incident
- Provide support and reassurance to the victim
- Make it clear to the 'bully' that this behaviour will not be tolerated. If there is a group of people involved, they will be spoken to individually and as a whole group. It is important that children who have harmed another, either physically or emotionally, redress their actions and the school will
- Pornography
- Using systems, applications, websites or other mechanisms that bypass the filtering or other safeguards employed by the school
- Infringing copyright
- Revealing or publicising confidential or proprietary information e.g. financial, personal information, data bases, computer / network access codes and passwords
- Creating or propagating computer viruses or other harmful files
- Unfair usage
- On-line gaming, educational and non-educational
- On-line gambling
- Use of social media without permission
- Use of messaging apps without permission
- Use of videoing broadcasting or YouTube without permission

13.1 Responding to incidents of misuse

Illegal incidents

If there is any suspicion that the website(s) concerned may contain child abuse images, or if there is any other suspected illegal activity, refer to the flow chart attached to this policy.

It is hoped that all members of the school community will be responsible users of digital technologies, who understand and follow school policy. However, there may be times when

infringements of the policy could take place, through careless or irresponsible or, very rarely, through deliberate misuse.

In the event of suspicion, all steps in this procedure should be followed:

- More than one senior member of staff should be involved in the process. This is vital to protect individuals if accusations are subsequently reported.
- The procedure should be conducted using a designated computer that will not be used by students and if necessary can be taken off site by the police should the need arise. The same computer should be used for the duration of the process.
- Relevant staff should have appropriate internet access to conduct the procedure, and sites and content visited closely monitored and recorded to provide further protection.
- The url of any site containing the alleged misuse and the nature of the content causing concern should be recorded. It may also be necessary to record and store screenshots of the content on the machine being used for investigation. This may be printed, signed and attached to the form (except in cases of child sexual abuse).
- Once fully investigated the group should judge whether this concern has substance or not. If it does then appropriate action will be required and could include the following;

Internal response or discipline procedures

Involvement by Local Authority or national / local organisations (as relevant)

Police involvement and / or action

- If content being reviewed includes images of child abuse then the monitoring should be halted and referred to the Police immediately. Other instances to report to the police would include:

Incidents of 'grooming' behaviour

The sending of obscene materials to a child

Adult material which potentially breaches the Obscene Publications Act

Criminally racist material

Other criminal conduct, activity or material

Isolate the computer in question as best you can. Any changes to its state may hinder a later police investigation

It is important that all of the above steps are taken as they will provide an evidence trail for the school and possibly the police and demonstrate that visits to these sites were carried out for child protection purposes.

School actions and sanctions

It is more likely that the school will need to deal with incidents that involve inappropriate rather illegal misuse. It is important that any incidents are dealt with as soon as possible in an appropriate manner, and that members of the school community are aware that incidents have been dealt with. It is intended that incidents of misuse will be dealt with through normal behaviour / disciplinary procedures

Students:

- Referral to class teacher / tutor
- Referral to Head of Department / House Progress Leader
- Referral to Child Protection Officer
- Referral to Line Manager
- Referral to Headteacher
- Referral to the Police
- Referral to technical support staff for action re filtering / security etc.
- Informing parents / carers
- Removal of network / internet access rights
- Risk assessment
- Warning
- Detention
- Fixed Term Exclusion
- Permanent Exclusion

Staff:

- Referral to Line Manager
- Referral to Headteacher
- Referral to technical support staff for action re filtering etc.
- Risk assessment
- Warning
- Referral to agency / counselling
- Suspension
- Disciplinary action
- Referral to the Police
- Dismissal

